

# Sodium Chlorate Safety Data Sheet

Safety Data Sheet #: CHE-8020S

Revision Date: March 1. 2023

Version: 5.0

#### 1. Identification

**Product identifier** 

Product IdentitySodium ChlorateOther means of identificationSodium Chlorate

Product Form Crystal

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Mainly used in the on-site production of chlorine dioxide for bleaching pulp. Also, used in the manufacture of dyes, explosives & matches, perchlorate manufacturing, ore processing, leather tanning and finishing, production of oxygen in rescue breathing apparatus, as an oxidizing agent, analytical reagent and herbicide.

Restrictions on use:

Consult local, regional and national regulations, product may need to registered when used as an

herbicide.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Name Chemtrade Logistics Inc. (Canada)

155 Gordon Baker Road Suite 300

Toronto, Ontario M2H 3N5

Chemtrade Logistics Inc. (US) 90 East Halsey Road, Suite 200

Parsippany, NJ 07054

**Emergency** 

**24 hour Emergency Telephone No.** Chemtrade Emergency Contact: (866) 416-4404

(Toronto)

CHEMTREC +1-800-424-9300

For Chemical Emergency, Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure,

or Accident, call CHEMTREC – Day or Night

Customer Service: Chemtrade Logistics Inc. (Canada) For SDS Info: (416) 496-5856

www.chemtradelogistics.com

#### 2. Hazard(s) identification

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions. Overexposure may cause methemoglobinemia. Initial manifestation of methemoglobinemia is cyanosis, characterized by navy lips, tongue and mucous membranes, with skin color being slate grey. Further manifestation is characterized by

Revision Date: March 1, 2023 SDS#: CHE-8020S Version: 5.0 1/13

## **Safety Data Sheet**

headache, weakness, dyspnea, dizziness, stupor, respiratory distress and death due to anoxia.

Thermally unstable at elevated temperatures (>265°C).

#### Classification of the substance or mixture

Oxidizing solid, category 1; H271

Acute toxicity(oral), category 4; H302

Aquatic toxicity (chronic), category 2; H411

May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer.

Harmful if swallowed.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Label elements**



H271 May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## [Prevention]:

P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources - No smoking.

P220 Keep, Store away from clothing combustible materials.

P221 Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves, eye protection, face protection.

P283 Wear fire, flame resistant, retardant clothing.

## [Response]:

P301+312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER, doctor or physician if you feel unwell.

P306+360 IF ON CLOTHING: Rinse immediately contaminated clothing and skin with plenty of water before removing clothes.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER, doctor or physician if you feel unwell.

P330 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth.

P370+380+375 In case of fire: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.

P371+380+375 In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.

P378 Use alcohol resistant foam, CO<sub>2</sub>, powder, water spray for extinction. Do not use water jet. P391 Collect spillage.

Revision Date:March 1, 2023 SDS#: CHE-8020S Version: 5.0 2/13

## [Storage]:

P405 Store locked up.

## [Disposal]:

P501 Dispose of contents or container in accordance with local and national regulations.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

This product contains the following substances that present a hazard within the meaning of the Hazardous **Products Regulations.** 

Ingredient/Chemical Designations	Weight %	GHS Classification	Notes
Chloric acid, sodium salt	60 - 100	Oxidizing solid, category 1; H271	No data available
CAS Number: 0007775-09-9		Acute toxicity(oral), category 4; H302	
Synonyms: Sodium chlorate		Aquatic toxicity (chronic), category 2; H411	

The actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret.

#### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of first aid measures**

General In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**Inhalation** Remove to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest. If unconscious, place in the

recovery position and obtain immediate medical attention. Give nothing by

mouth.

**Eyes** Irrigate copiously with clean water for at least 30 minutes, holding the eyelids apart

and seek medical attention. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

Skin Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use a

recognized skin cleanser. Drench affected area with water for at least 30 minutes.

Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

If swallowed obtain immediate medical attention. Keep at rest. Do NOT induce Ingestion

vomiting. If swallowed, rinse mouth.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Overview Harmful if swallowed. Overexposure to this material may result in

> methemoglobinemia. Methemoglobinemia decreases the blood's ability to carry oxygen and results in symptoms such as dizziness, drowsiness, headache, shortness of breath, blue skin and lips, rapid heart rate, unconsciousness, and possibly death.

Acute Health Effects: the substance is irritating to the eyes, skin and respiratory tract. The substance may cause effects on the blood. This may result in formation of methaemoglobin. The substance may cause effects on the kidneys. This may result in kidney impairment. The effects may be delayed. Medical observation is indicated.

**INHALATION:** Prolonged exposure may cause irritation. Cyanosis may be noted

within several hours following inhalation or ingestion.

SDS#: CHE-8020S 3/13 Revision Date: March 1, 2023 Version: 5.0

<sup>\*</sup>PBT/vPvB - PBT-substance or vPvB-substance.

The full texts of the phrases are shown in Section 16.

**SKIN CONTACT:** Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin.

**EYE CONTACT:** May cause slight irritation to eyes.

**INGESTION:** Ingestion may cause adverse effects. Overexposure may result in hemolytic and renal toxicity. Ingesting large quantities can cause abdominal pain, nausea, and diarrhea, possibly with dark blood, cyanosis, possibly progressing to headache, difficulty breathing, dizziness, seizures, or coma. Symptoms may include redness and edema.

Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed: If

exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention.

See section 2 for further details.

Ingestion
Chronic effects

Harmful if swallowed.

None expected under normal conditions of use. Overexposure to this material may

result in methemoglobinemia.

## **Section 5. Fire-fighting measures**

#### **Extinguishing media**

Recommended extinguishing media: Water. Use water spray or fog.

**Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:** Do not use dry extinguishing powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Do not use fire blanket.

### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous decomposition: None expected under normal conditions of use. Decomposes at 265o C into oxygen and salt. Reacts with acids to produce chlorine, chlorine dioxide and perchloric acid.

Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources - No smoking.

Keep, Store away from clothing combustible materials.

Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles.

#### Advice for fire-fighters

As with all fires, wear positive pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus, (SCBA) with a full face piece and protective clothing. Persons without respiratory protection should leave area. Wear SCBA during clean-up immediately after fire. No smoking.

**Fire Hazard:** May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer.

**Oxidizer:** increases the burning rate of combustible materials.

**Explosion Hazard:** Heat may build pressure, rupturing closed containers, spreading fire and increasing risk of burns and injuries.

**Firefighting Instructions:** Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Irritating or toxic vapours. Halogenated compounds, metal oxide.

Other Information: Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Revision Date:March 1, 2023 SDS#: CHE-8020S Version: 5.0 4/13

ERG Guide No. 140

#### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**General Measures:** Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking, flames, hot surfaces, sparks, or other ignition sources in the area. Avoid prolonged contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Keep away from combustible material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 8

Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe mist, spray, and vapours.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE). Wear protective gloves, eye protection, face protection (refer to section 8 for more details).

#### **Environmental precautions**

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Avoid release to the environment. Collect spillage.

#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit.

Ventilate area.

**Methods for Cleaning Up:** Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Recover the product by vacuuming, shoveling or sweeping. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill. Do not take up in combustible material such as: saw dust or cellulosic material.

**For Containment:** Contain solid spills with appropriate barriers and prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Use only non-sparking tools.

Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

#### **Section 7. Handling and storage**

#### **Precautions for safe handling**

Handle containers carefully to prevent damage and spillage.

Store locked up.

Additional Hazards When Processed: May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from extremely high or low temperatures, incompatible materials, food and drink. Keep in fireproof place. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

 Revision Date: March 1, 2023
 SDS#: CHE-8020S
 Version: 5.0
 5/13

## **Safety Data Sheet**

**Incompatible materials**: Strong acids. Reducing agents. Organic materials. Mixture with flammable or combustible materials may ignite readily or explode and be sensitive to shock, heat, or friction. Mixtures of dry sodium chlorate with organic materials such as cloth, paper, leather, oils, greases, paints, and solvents may be readily ignited by heat or friction. Reacts violently with combustibles, sulfuric acid, and reducing materials.

Explosions may be caused by contact with ammonia salts, ammonium thiosulfate, antimony sulfide, arsenic, carbon, charcoal, organic matter, organic acids, thiocyanates, chemically active metals, oils, metal sulfides, nitrobenzene, powdered metals, and sugar. Reacts with many organic materials to form shock-sensitive mixtures, causing explosion hazard.

Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Avoid prolonged contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces, combustible materials, incompatible materials. - No smoking See section 2 for further details. - [Storage]:

#### Specific end use(s)

Mainly used in the on-site production of chlorine dioxide for bleaching pulp. Also, used in the manufacture of dyes, explosives & matches, perchlorate manufacturing, ore processing, leather tanning and finishing, production of oxygen in rescue breathing apparatus, as an oxidizing agent, analytical reagent and herbicide.

#### Restrictions on use:

Consult local, regional and national regulations, product may need to registered when used as an herbicide.

#### Section 8. Exposure controls / personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Exposure**

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
0007775-09-9	Chloric acid, sodium salt	ACGIH	No Established Limit
		OSHA	No Established Limit
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Alberta	No Established Limit
		British Columbia	No Established Limit
		Manitoba	No Established Limit
		New Brunswick	No Established Limit
		Newfoundland and Labrador	No Established Limit
		Nova Scotia	No Established Limit
		Northwest Territories	No Established Limit
		Nunavut	No Established Limit
		Ontario	No Established Limit
		Prince Edward Island	No Established Limit
		Quebec	No Established Limit
		Saskatchewan	No Established Limit
		Yukon	No Established Limit

Revision Date:March 1, 2023 SDS#: CHE-8020S Version: 5.0 6/13

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke

**Exposure controls** 

**Respiratory** If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory

protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory

protection.







**Eyes** Chemical safety goggles or safety glasses.

**Skin** Avoid skin contact. Wear protective gloves. Wear suitable protective clothing.

Materials for Protective Clothing: Chemically resistant materials and

**fabrics.** Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing.

**Engineering Controls** Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the

immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation,

especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases or vapours may be released.

Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed.

Other Work Practices Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands and other exposed areas with

mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.

Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe mist, spray, and

vapours.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE). Wear protective gloves, eye protection, face protection (refer to

section 8 for more details).

See section 2 for further details.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Colorless or white crystals, solid

**Odor** Odorless

Odor threshold Not applicable

pH 7 - 9 (Neutral as solution in water) Oxidizing activity

increases with decreasing pH

**Melting point** 248 °C (478.4 °F)

Initial boiling point 265 °C (509 °F) decomposes

Flash Point

Evapouration rate (Ether = 1)

Flammability (solid, gas)

Not applicable

Not applicable

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits Lower Explosive Limit: Not applicable

**Upper Explosive Limit:** Not applicable

Revision Date:March 1, 2023 SDS#: CHE-8020S Version: 5.0 7/13

## **Safety Data Sheet**

Vapour pressure (Pa) 0 mm Hg does not form a vapour

Vapour DensityNot applicableRelative Density2.49 g/cm³

Solubility in Water Soluble. Water: 96 - 100 g/100ml @ 20°C (68 °F)

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow) No available information

Auto-ignition temperature Not applicable

**Decomposition temperature** 265 °C (509 °F) decomposes **Viscosity (cSt)** No available information

Other information

No other relevant information.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

#### Reactivity

Oxidizer - increases the burning rate of combustible materials

### **Chemical stability**

May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer.

#### Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization will not occur.

#### Conditions to avoid

Extremely high or low temperatures, ignition sources, combustible materials, incompatible materials.

#### **Incompatible materials**

Strong acids. Reducing agents. Organic materials. Mixture with flammable or combustible materials may ignite readily or explode and be sensitive to shock, heat, or friction. Mixtures of dry sodium chlorate with organic materials such as cloth, paper, leather, oils, greases, paints, and solvents may be readily ignited by heat or friction. Reacts violently with combustibles, sulfuric acid, and reducing materials.

Explosions may be caused by contact with ammonia salts, ammonium thiosulfate, antimony sulfide, arsenic, carbon, charcoal, organic matter, organic acids, thiocyanates, chemically active metals, oils, metal sulfides, nitrobenzene, powdered metals, and sugar. Reacts with many organic materials to form shock-sensitive mixtures, causing explosion hazard.

#### **Hazardous decomposition products**

None expected under normal conditions of use. Decomposes at 2650 C into oxygen and salt. Reacts with acids to produce chlorine, chlorine dioxide and perchloric acid.

#### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### **Acute toxicity**

**Reported fatal dose:** A dose of 5-10 g can prove fatal in adults as can a dose of 2 grams in small children (REF – Hartley, D. and H. Kidd (eds). The agrochemicals Handbook. 2nd ed. Lechworth, Herts, England.: The Royal Society of Chemistry 1987.

Revision Date:March 1, 2023 SDS#: CHE-8020S Version: 5.0 8/13

Note: When no route specific LD50 data is available for an acute toxin, the converted acute toxicity point estimate was used in the calculation of the product's ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate).

	Oral LD50, mg/kg	Skin LD50, mg/kg	Inhalation vapour LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Dust/Mist LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Gas LC50, ppm
Product Acute Toxicity Estimates	1,200	NA	NA	NA	NA

Ingredient	Oral LD50, mg/kg	Skin LD50, mg/kg	Inhalation vapour LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Dust/Mist LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Gas LC50, ppm
Chloric acid, sodium salt - (7775-09-9)	1,200.00, Rat -	>2,000.00, Rabbit -	5.59, Rat -	No data	No data
	Category: 4	Category: 5	Category: 3	available	available

#### **Carcinogen Data**

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source		Value		
0007775-09-9	Chloric acid, sodium salt	IARC	Group 1: No	; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;		
		ACGIH	No Establish	ed Limit		
Classificatio	n	Ca	itegory	Hazard Description		
Acute toxicit	y (oral)		4	Harmful if swallowed.		
Acute toxicit	y (dermal)			Not Applicable		
Acute toxicit	y (inhalation)			Not Applicable		
Skin corrosion/irritation				Not Applicable		
Serious eye damage/irritation				Not Applicable		
Respiratory sensitization				Not Applicable		
Skin sensitiz	ation			Not Applicable		
Germ cell m	utagenicity			Not Applicable		
Carcinogenio	city			Not Applicable		
Reproductive toxicity				Not Applicable		
STOT-single exposure				Not Applicable		
STOT-repeated exposure				Not Applicable		
Aspiration hazard				Not Applicable		

#### Possible routes of entry:

### Symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Harmful if swallowed. Overexposure to this material may result in methemoglobinemia.

Methemoglobinemia decreases the blood's ability to carry oxygen and results in symptoms such as dizziness, drowsiness, headache, shortness of breath, blue skin and lips, rapid heart rate, unconsciousness, and possibly death.

**Acute Health Effects:** the substance is irritating to the eyes, skin and respiratory tract. The substance may cause effects on the blood. This may result in formation of methaemoglobin. The substance may cause effects on the kidneys. This may result in kidney impairment. The effects may be delayed. Medical observation is indicated.

**INHALATION:** Prolonged exposure may cause irritation. Cyanosis may be noted within several hours following inhalation or ingestion.

## **Safety Data Sheet**

**SKIN CONTACT:** Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin.

**EYE CONTACT:** May cause slight irritation to eyes.

**INGESTION:** Ingestion may cause adverse effects. Overexposure may result in hemolytic and renal toxicity. Ingesting large quantities can cause abdominal pain, nausea, and diarrhea, possibly with dark blood, cyanosis, possibly progressing to headache, difficulty breathing, dizziness, seizures, or coma. Symptoms may include redness and edema.

**Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed:** If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention.

#### Most likely route(s) of exposure:

Absorbed by the body by inhalation of its aerosol or ingestion.

**Ingestion** Harmful if swallowed.

**Chronic effects** None expected under normal conditions of use. Overexposure to this material may

result in methemoglobinemia.

## **Section 12. Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

No additional information provided for this product. See Section 3 for chemical specific data.

#### **Aquatic Ecotoxicity**

Ingredient	96 hr LC50 fish,	48 hr EC50 crustacea,	ErC50 algae,	
	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	
Chloric acid, sodium salt - (7775-09-9)	> 1,000, Fish	> 1,000, Daphnia magna	1,001.00 (96 hr), Algae	

#### Persistence and degradability

May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. Remains in soil for 0.5 - 5 years depending on rate of application, soil type, fertility, organic matter content, moisture, and weather conditions.

#### Bioaccumulative potential

No available information

#### Mobility in soil

No available information

#### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product contains no PBT/vPvB chemicals.

#### Other adverse effects

No available information

#### **Section 13. Disposal considerations**

#### Waste treatment methods

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, territorial, provincial, and international regulations. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the

 Revision Date: March 1, 2023
 SDS#: CHE-8020S
 Version: 5.0
 10/13

## **Safety Data Sheet**

requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Additional Information: Container may remain hazardous when empty. Continue to observe all precautions.

**Ecology - Waste Materials:** Avoid release to the environment. This material is hazardous to the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways.

## **Section 14. Transport information**





	DOT / TDG (Domestic Surface	ICAO/IATA	
	Transportation)	Transportation)	
UN number	UN1495	UN1495	UN1495
<b>UN proper shipping</b>	UN1495, Sodium chlorate,	Sodium chlorate	Sodium chlorate

name

**Transport hazard** 

**TDG Hazard Class: 5.1** 

5.1, II

**IMDG:** 5.1

class(es) Packing group Ш Sub Class: Not Applicable

Ш

Air Class: 5.1

**Environmental hazards** 

**IMDG** Marine Pollutant: Yes; (Chloric acid, sodium salt)

Special precautions for user

No available information

#### **Section 15. Regulatory information**

The regulatory data in Section 15 is not intended to be all-inclusive, only selected **Regulatory Overview** regulations are represented.

**NFPA Ranking** 

Health (blue):1 Fire (red):0

Reactivity (yellow):0 Special (white):OX



This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria Hazardous Products Regulations (SOR/2015-17) and the SDS contains all of the information required by those regulations.

Revision Date: March 1, 2023 SDS#: CHE-8020S 11/13 Version: 5.0

## **Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA):**

Chloric acid, sodium salt (Present)

## **EPCRA 311/312 Chemicals and RQs:**

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

## **Canadian Domestic Substance List (DSL):**

Chloric acid, sodium salt

## Canadian Non-Domestic Substance List (NDSL):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

## **New Jersey RTK Substances (>1%):**

Chloric acid, sodium salt

## Pennsylvania RTK Substances (>1%):

Chloric acid, sodium salt

## **Proposition 65 - Carcinogens (>0.0%):**

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

## **Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxins (>0.0%):**

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

## **Proposition 65 - Female Repro Toxins (>0.0%):**

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

## **Proposition 65 - Male Repro Toxins (>0.0%):**

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

#### **Proposition 65 Label Warning:**

This product contains no chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Chemical Name (CAS Number)	US TSCA	Australia AICS	Korea ECL	EU EINECS	EU ELINCS	EU SVHC	EN NLP	Mexico INSQ
Chloric acid, sodium salt (0007775-09-9)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes

Chemical Name (CAS Number)	China IECSC	Japan ENCS	Japan ISHL	Japan PDSCL	Japan PRTR 1	Japan PRTR 2	Philippines PICCS	New Zealand NZIOC
Chloric acid, sodium salt (0007775-09-9)	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes

#### Section 16. Other information

**Revision Date** 

3/01/2023

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful effects which may be caused by exposure to our products. Customers/users of this product must comply with all applicable health and safety laws, regulations, and orders.

The full text of the phrases appearing in section 3 is:

H271 May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Disclaimer: The information presented herein is supplied as a guide to those who handle or use this product. Safe work practices must be employed when working with any materials. It is important that the end user makes a determination regarding the adequacy of the safety procedures employed during the use of this product.

#### **Revision Summary**

	Section :	Modification			
	1	Updated product form to crystal			

Handle product with due care and avoid unnecessary contact. This information is supplied under U.S. OSHA'S "Right to Know" (29 CFR 1910.1200) and Canada's WHMIS regulations. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee these are the only hazards that exist. The information contained herein is based on data available to us and is believed to be true and accurate but it is not offered as a product specification. No warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy of this data, the hazards connected with the use of the product, or the results to be obtained from the use thereof, is made and Chemtrade and its affiliates assume no responsibility. Chemtrade is a member of the CIAC (Chemistry Industry Association of Canada) and adheres to the codes and principles of Responsible Care™.



Chemtrade NA GHS SDS 2021

Revision Date:March 1, 2023 SDS#: CHE-8020S Version: 5.0 13/13