

**Section 1. Identification****Product identifier****Product Identity**

Ferric Sulfate 50% (CHE-7002S)

**Other means of identification**

Not Applicable

**Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Municipal and industrial water and wastewater treatment for the removal of turbidity, color, suspended solids and phosphorus. Sludge compaction and volume reduction. Lagoon treatment. Oily wastewater clarification and dissolved air flotation. Emulsion breaking.

**Restrictions on use:**

Not available

**Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet****Company Name**

Chemtrade Logistics Inc. (Canada)  
155 Gordon Baker Road Suite 300  
Toronto, Ontario M2H 3N5  
(416) 496-5856

Chemtrade Logistics Inc. (US)  
90 East Halsey Road, Suite 200  
Parsippany, NJ 07054  
(800) 228- 8558

**Emergency****24 hour Emergency Telephone No.**

Chemtrade Emergency Contact: (866) 416-4404 (US and Canada)  
CHEMTREC +1-800-424-9300  
For Chemical Emergency, Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident, call CHEMTREC – Day or Night

**Customer Service:**

For SDS Info: (416) 496-5856  
[www.chemtradelogistics.com](http://www.chemtradelogistics.com)

**Section 2. Hazard(s) identification****Classification of the substance or mixture**

Metal corrosion;H290

May be corrosive to metals.

Acute toxicity(oral), category 4;H302

Harmful if swallowed.

Skin corrosion/irritation category  
1B;H314

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage / eye irritation,  
category 1;H318

Causes serious eye damage.

#### **Label elements**



**Danger**

H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

#### **[Prevention]:**

P234 Keep only in original packaging.

P260 Do not breathe dust, fume, mist, vapors or spray.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection.

#### **[Response]:**

P301+312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER, doctor or physician if you feel unwell.

P302+312 IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor , physician if you feel unwell

P303+361+353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove, take off immediately all contaminated clothing.  
Rinse skin with water or shower.

P304+340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+351+338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER, doctor or physician.

P301+330+331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P390 Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

#### **[Storage]:**

P405 Store locked up.

P406 Store in a corrosive resistant, container with a resistant inner liner.

**[Disposal]:**

P501 Dispose of contents or container in accordance with local and national regulations.

**Other hazards**

This product contains no PBT/vPvB/vPvM chemicals.

This product contains no endocrine disrupting chemicals.

Does NOT contain component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS) per the US EPA PFASMASTER combined list of PFAS chemicals.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

This product contains the following substances that present a hazard within the meaning of the Hazardous Products Regulations.

Ingredient/Chemical Designations	Weight %	GHS Classification	Notes
<b>Ferric sulfate</b> CAS Number: 10028-22-5 Synonyms: Sulfuric acid, iron(3+) salt (3:2) as $\text{Fe}_2(\text{SO}_4)_3 \cdot 9\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (Dry Ferric Sulfate)	45 - 70	Acute toxicity(oral), category 4;H302 Serious eye damage / eye irritation, category 1;H318 Metal corrosion;H290 Skin sensitizer category 1;H317; Skin corrosion/irritation category 1B;H314	No data available
<b>Sulfuric acid</b> CAS Number: 7664-93-9 Synonyms: Sulfuric acid (acid aerosols including mists, vapors, gas, fog, and other airborne forms of any particle size), Sulphuric acid	0.5 - 1.5	Skin corrosion/irritation category 1A;H314: $C \geq 15\%$ Skin corrosion/irritation category 2;H315: $5\% \leq C < 15\%$ Serious eye damage / eye irritation, category 2;H319: $5\% \leq C < 15\%$ Metal corrosion;H290 $> 1\%$	No data available

The actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret.

\*PBT/vPvB - PBT, vPvM or vPvB-substance.

The full texts of the phrases are shown in Section 16.

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of composition are withheld as a trade secret within the meaning of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard [29 CFR 1910.1200].

### Section 4. First aid measures

**Description of first aid measures**

**General**

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention.  
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**Inhalation**

Remove to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest. If unconscious, place in the recovery position and obtain immediate medical attention. Give nothing by mouth.

<b>Eyes</b>	Irrigate copiously with clean water for at least 30 minutes, holding the eyelids apart and seek medical attention. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
<b>Skin</b>	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use a recognized skin cleanser. Drench affected area with water for at least 30 minutes. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth and slowly drink several glasses of water. Call a physician. Do NOT give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

**Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed****Overview**

Harmful if swallowed. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

**Acute Health Effects:** Harmful if swallowed. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

EYE: Causes permanent damage to the cornea, iris, or conjunctiva. (IMMEDIATE)

SKIN: Causes severe irritation (IMMEDIATE) which will progress to chemical burns.

INHALATION: May cause irritation to the respiratory tract. (IMMEDIATE)

INGESTION: This material is harmful orally and can cause adverse health effects or death in significant amounts. May cause burns or irritation of the linings of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract (IMMEDIATE).

**Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed:** If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention.

See section 2 for further details.

<b>Eyes</b>	Causes serious eye damage.
<b>Skin</b>	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Harmful if swallowed.
<b>Chronic effects</b>	Not available, none known.

**Section 5. Fire-fighting measures****Extinguishing media**

**Suitable Extinguishing Media:** Water spray, dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:** Do not use water jet, or heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

**Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

Hazardous decomposition: Oxides of sulfur at high temperatures. Hazardous gases may evolve on contact with chemicals such as cyanides, sulfides, and carbides.

Keep only in original packaging.

Do not breathe dust, fume, mist, vapors or spray.

**Advice for fire-fighters**

As with all fires, wear positive pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus, (SCBA) with a full-face piece and protective clothing. Persons without respiratory protection should leave area. Wear SCBA during clean up immediately after fire. No smoking.

**Fire Hazard:** Product is not flammable but may burn at high temperatures. **Explosion Hazard:** Product is not explosive. Contact with metallic substances may release flammable hydrogen gas.

**Firefighting Instructions:** Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Remove containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. **Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.**

**Hazardous reactions** will not occur under normal conditions.

**Other Information:** Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

**ERG Guide No.** 154

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**General Measures:** Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 8.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe mist, spray, and vapours.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE). Wear protective gloves, eye protection, face protection (refer to section 8 for more details).

Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

### Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Avoid release to environment.

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit.

Ventilate area.

**Methods for Clean up:** Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

**Containment:** Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area in all directions. Ventilate area. Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

**Precautions for safe handling**

Handle containers carefully to prevent damage and spillage.

Store locked up.

Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe mist, spray, and vapors.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Wear protective gloves, eye protection, face protection (refer to section 8 for more details).

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Store in original container or corrosive resistant and/or lined container.

Comply with applicable regulations.

**Incompatible materials:** Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Alkalis. Metals.

See section 2 for further details. - [Storage]:

**Specific end use(s)**

Municipal and industrial water and wastewater treatment for the removal of turbidity, color, suspended solids and phosphorus. Sludge compaction and volume reduction. Lagoon treatment. Oily wastewater clarification and dissolved air flotation. Emulsion breaking.

**Restrictions on use:**

Not available

**Section 8. Exposure controls / personal protection**
**Control parameters**
**Exposure Limits**

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
7664-93-9	Sulfuric acid	ACGIH	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (T) Thoracic Fraction
		OSHA	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		NIOSH	TWA 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		Alberta	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL
		British Columbia	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA (contained in strong inorganic acid mists, thoracic)
		Manitoba	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA (thoracic particulate matter)
		New Brunswick	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL
		Newfoundland and Labrador	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA (thoracic particulate matter)
		Nova Scotia	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA (thoracic particulate matter)
		Northwest Territories	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA (thoracic fraction, strong acid mists only) 0.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL (thoracic fraction, strong acid mists only)
		Nunavut	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA (thoracic fraction) 0.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL (thoracic fraction)
		Ontario	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA (thoracic)

10028-22-5	Ferric sulfate	Prince Edward Island	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA (thoracic particulate matter)
		Quebec	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWAEV 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEV
		Saskatchewan	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA (thoracic fraction) 0.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL (thoracic fraction)
		Yukon	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL
		ACGIH	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		OSHA	No Established Limit
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Alberta	No Established Limit
		British Columbia	No Established Limit
		Manitoba	No Established Limit
		New Brunswick	No Established Limit
		Newfoundland and Labrador	No Established Limit
		Nova Scotia	No Established Limit
		Northwest Territories	No Established Limit
		Nunavut	No Established Limit
		Ontario	No Established Limit
		Prince Edward Island	No Established Limit
		Quebec	No Established Limit
		Saskatchewan	No Established Limit
		Yukon	No Established Limit

## Exposure controls

### Respiratory

If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory protection.

### Eyes

Wear chemical safety goggles and face shield. **Where higher splash potential exists** (e.g. loading, unloading, line breaking, sampling of product), wear goggles and face shield with side and chin protection: chemical and impact resistant.

### Skin

Wear chemical resistant gloves: Poly vinyl chloride (PVC), nitrile, viton™ (a trademark of the Chemours company), butyl or butyl rubber. Wear chemical resistant clothing. **Where higher splash potential exists** (e.g. loading, unloading, line breaking, sampling of product), wear hard hat and chemical splash shroud, Chemical resistant jacket and pants or bib overalls: PVC, neoprene, PVC coated polyester, or polyester trilaminate gore.

### Engineering Controls

**Exposure Controls Appropriate Engineering Controls:** Emergency eyewash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

### Other Work Practices

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Chemically compatible gloves (e.g. PVC, nitrile, viton butyl or butyl rubber), Chemical resistant clothing (e.g. PVC,

neoprene, PVC coated polyester, or polyester trilaminate gore), and chemical resistant safety goggles and face shield. Where there is insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.

**WHERE HIGHER SPASH POTENTIAL EXISTS** (e.g. loading, unloading, line breaking, sampling of product), wear hard hat and chemical splash shroud, chemical resistant jacket and pants or bib overalls: PVC, neoprene, PVC coated polyester, or polyester trilaminate gore. Follow all posted PPE requirements **AND** wear goggles and face shield with side and chin protection: chemical and impact resistant. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe mist, spray, and vapours. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE). Wear protective gloves, eye protection, face protection (refer to section 8 for more details).

Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

See section 2 for further details.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Liquid
Color	Reddish-brown
Odor	Odorless
Odor threshold	No available information
Melting point / freezing point	<-50°C (< -58°F)
Initial boiling point and boiling range	No available information
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not Applicable
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Lower Explosive Limit: No available information Upper Explosive Limit: No available information
Flash Point	No available information
Auto-ignition temperature	No available information
Decomposition temperature	No available information
pH	0
Viscosity (cSt)	No available information
Solubility in Water	Completely Soluble in water.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	No available information
Vapour pressure (Pa)	No available information
Relative Density	No available information



<b>Vapour Density</b>	No available information
<b>Evaporation rate (Ether = 1)</b>	No available information
<b>Specific Gravity</b>	1.40 - 1.51
<b>Density (lbs/gal)</b>	11.7 - 12.6
<b>Other information</b>	No other relevant information.

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

#### Reactivity

May be corrosive to metals. Contact with metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas. May react exothermically with water releasing heat. Adding an acid to a base or base to an acid may cause a violent reaction.

#### Chemical stability

Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

#### Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reacts with some bases.

#### Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, and incompatible materials.

#### Incompatible materials

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Alkalis. Metals.

#### Hazardous decomposition products

Oxides of sulfur at high temperatures. Hazardous gases may evolve on contact with chemicals such as cyanides, sulfides, and carbides.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Acute toxicity

Note: When no route specific LD50 data is available for an acute toxin, the converted acute toxicity point estimate was used in the calculation of the product's ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate).

	Oral LD50, mg/kg	Skin LD50, mg/kg	Inhalation Vapor LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Dust/Mist LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Gas LC50, ppm
Product Acute Toxicity Estimates	1,000	4,000	NA	NA	NA

Ingredient	Oral LD50, mg/kg	Skin LD50, mg/kg	Inhalation Vapor LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Dust/Mist LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Gas LC50, ppm
Ferric sulfate - (10028-22-5)	500.00, Rat - Category: 4	2,000.00, Rat - Category: 4	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
Sulfuric acid - (7664-93-9)	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.

**Carcinogen Data**

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
7664-93-9	Sulfuric acid	IARC	Group 1
		ACGIH	A2 (in strong inorganic acid mists)
10028-22-5	Ferric sulfate	IARC	No
		ACGIH	No Established Limit

Classification	Category	Hazard Description
Acute toxicity (oral)	4	Harmful if swallowed.
Acute toxicity (dermal)	---	Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	---	Not Applicable
Skin corrosion/irritation	1B	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Serious eye damage/irritation	1	Causes serious eye damage.
Respiratory sensitization	---	Not Applicable
Skin sensitization	---	Not Applicable
Germ cell mutagenicity	---	Not Applicable
Carcinogenicity	---	Not Applicable
Reproductive toxicity	---	Not Applicable
STOT-single exposure	---	Not Applicable
STOT-repeated exposure	---	Not Applicable
Aspiration hazard	---	Not Applicable

**Possible routes of entry:**

Inhalation, ingestion, skin contact, and skin absorption.

**Symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:**

Harmful if swallowed. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

**Acute Health Effects:** Harmful if swallowed. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

EYE: Causes permanent damage to the cornea, iris, or conjunctiva. (IMMEDIATE)

SKIN: Causes severe irritation (IMMEDIATE) which will progress to chemical burns.

INHALATION: May cause irritation to the respiratory tract. (IMMEDIATE)

INGESTION: This material is harmful orally and can cause adverse health effects or death in significant amounts. May cause burns or irritation of the linings of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract (IMMEDIATE).

**Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed:** If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention.

**Eyes** Causes serious eye damage.  
**Skin** May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.  
**Ingestion** Harmful if swallowed.  
**Chronic effects** Not available, none known.

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

No additional information provided for this product. See Section 3 for chemical specific data.

### Aquatic Ecotoxicity

Ingredient	96 hr LC50 fish, mg/l	48 hr EC50 crustacea, mg/l	ErC50 algae, mg/l
Ferric sulfate - (10028-22-5)	133.00, <i>Gambusia affinis</i>	12.39, <i>Daphnia longispina</i>	No data available.
Sulfuric acid - (7664-93-9)	27.00, <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>	100.00, <i>Desmodesmus subspicatus</i>	100.00, <i>Desmodesmus subspicatus</i>

### Persistence and degradability

There is no data available on the preparation itself.

### Bioaccumulative potential

No available information

### Mobility in soil

No available information

### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product contains no PBT/vPvB/vPvM chemicals.

### Other adverse effects

No available information

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

### Waste treatment methods

Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, federal, provincial, state, territorial and international regulations.

**Ecology - Waste Materials:** Avoid release to the environment. This material is hazardous to the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways.

**Additional Information:** Container may remain hazardous when empty. Continue to observe all precautions.

**Section 14. Transport information**


Classification Method: Classified as per Part 2, Sections 2.1-2.8 of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations.

**DOT (Domestic Surface Transportation)**

<b>UN number</b>	UN3264
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	UN3264, Corrosive liquid, acidic, inorganic, n.o.s. (Contains Ferric Sulfate, Sulfuric Acid), 8, II
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	8
<b>Sub Class</b>	Not Applicable
<b>Packing group</b>	II

**TDG (Domestic Surface Transportation)**

<b>UN number</b>	UN3264
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	Corrosive liquid, acidic, inorganic, n.o.s. (Contains Ferric Sulfate, Sulfuric Acid)
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	8
<b>Sub Class</b>	Not Applicable
<b>Packing group</b>	II

**IMO / IMDG (Ocean Transportation)**

<b>UN number</b>	UN3264
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	Corrosive liquid, acidic, inorganic, n.o.s. (Contains Ferric Sulfate, Sulfuric Acid)
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	8
<b>Sub Class</b>	Not Applicable
<b>Packing group</b>	II

**ICAO/IATA**

<b>UN number</b>	UN3264
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	Corrosive liquid, acidic, inorganic, n.o.s. (Contains Ferric Sulfate, Sulfuric Acid)
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	8
<b>Sub Class</b>	Not Applicable
<b>Packing group</b>	II

**Environmental hazards**

IMDG Marine Pollutant: No;

**Special precautions for user**

No available information

**Section 15. Regulatory information**

**Regulatory Overview** The regulatory data in Section 15 is not intended to be all-inclusive, only selected regulations are represented.

**Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)** All components of this material are either listed or exempt from listing on the TSCA Inventory.

**NFPA Ranking**

Health (blue) :3

Fire (red) :0

Reactivity (yellow) :0

Special (white) :ACID



**Note:** Strong inorganic acid mists containing sulfuric acid are listed on the California Proposition 65 Carcinogen List. [Sulfuric acid, in and of itself, is not listed under Proposition 65. However, if one has sulfuric acid, which through its intended use generates an acid mist that in turn contains sulfuric acid that would meet the listing. The term "strong" does not refer to the concentration of the acid, but rather the strength of the acid. The basis for the listing of strong inorganic acid mists containing sulfuric acid was the formal identification by the National Toxicology Program (NTP), in its Ninth Report on Carcinogens, that this chemical mixture is "known to be a human carcinogen." (Public notice available at [http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/CRNR\\_notices/admin\\_listing/intent\\_to\\_list/noil19b4.html](http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/CRNR_notices/admin_listing/intent_to_list/noil19b4.html).) ]

**Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)**

Ferric sulfate (Present)

Sulfuric acid

Water

**CERCLA Chemicals and RQs (lbs):**

Ferric sulfate ( 1,000.00)

Sulfuric acid ( 1,000.00)

**EPCRA 302 Extremely Hazardous:**

Sulfuric acid

**EPCRA 313 Toxic Chemicals:**

Sulfuric acid

**Canadian Domestic Substance List (DSL):**

Ferric sulfate

Sulfuric acid

Water

**Canadian Non-Domestic Substance List (NDSL):**

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

**New Jersey RTK Substances (>1%):**

Ferric sulfate

Sulfuric acid

**Pennsylvania RTK Substances (>1%):**

Ferric sulfate

Sulfuric acid

**Proposition 65 - Carcinogens (>0.0%):**

Sulfuric acid

**Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxins (>0.0%):**

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

**Proposition 65 - Female Repro Toxins (>0.0%):**

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

**Proposition 65 - Male Repro Toxins (>0.0%):**

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

**Proposition 65 Label Warning:**


WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including [Sulfuric acid], which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to [www.P65Warnings.ca.gov](http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov).

**Note:** Strong inorganic acid mists containing sulfuric acid are listed on the California Proposition 65 Carcinogen List. [Sulfuric acid, in and of itself, is not listed under Proposition 65. However, if one has sulfuric acid, which through its intended use generates an acid mist that in turn contains sulfuric acid that would meet the listing. The term "strong" does not refer to the concentration of the acid, but rather the strength of the acid. The basis for the listing of strong inorganic acid mists containing sulfuric acid was the formal identification by the National Toxicology Program (NTP), in its Ninth Report on Carcinogens, that this chemical mixture is "known to be a human carcinogen." (Public notice available at [http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/CRNR\\_notices/admin\\_listing/intent\\_to\\_list/noil19b4.html](http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/CRNR_notices/admin_listing/intent_to_list/noil19b4.html).) ]

Chemical Name (CAS Number)	US TSCA	Australia AICS	Korea ECL	EU EINECS	EU ELINCS	EU SVHC	EN NLP	Mexico INSQ
Ferric sulfate (10028-22-5)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes

Sulfuric acid (7664-93-9)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
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Chemical Name (CAS Number)	China IECSC	Japan ENCS	Japan ISHL	Japan PDSCL	Japan PRTR 1	Japan PRTR 2	Philippines PICCS	New Zealand NZIOC
Ferric sulfate (10028-22-5)	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes
Sulfuric acid (7664-93-9)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes

## Section 16. Other information

**Revision Date** 11/03/2025

**Revision Number** 7

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful effects which may be caused by exposure to our products.

Customers/users of this product must comply with all applicable health and safety laws, regulations, and orders.

The full text of the phrases appearing in section 3 is:

H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Disclaimer: The information presented herein is supplied as a guide to those who handle or use this product. Safe work practices must be employed when working with any materials. It is important that the end user makes a determination regarding the adequacy of the safety procedures employed during the use of this product.

End of Document